

Problems with sem

(adapted from Rex Kline: Principals and Practice of
Structural Equation Modeling, 2005)

44 ways to fool yourself with SEM

I. Specification

II. Data

III. Analysis and Respecification

IV. Interpretation

Specification

I. Specifying the model after the data are collected (particularly a problem when using archival data)

A. are key variables omitted

B. is the model identifiable

Specification errors (cont)

- I. Omitting causes that are correlated with other variables in a structural model
- II. Failure to have sufficient number of indicators of latent variables
 - A. “Two might be fine, three is better, four is best, and anything more is gravy” (Kenny, 1979)

Specification errors (cont)

I. Failure to give careful consideration to directionality.

A. Path techniques are good for estimating strengths if we know the underlying model, but are not good for determining the model (Meehl and Walker, 2002)

Specification errors (cont)

- I. Specifying feedback effects (non-recursive models) as a way to mask uncertainty
- II. Overfit the model, ignoring parsimony
- III. Add disturbances (measurement error correlations) without substantive reason.
- IV. Specifying indicators that are multivocal without substantive reason.

Data errors

- I. Failure to check the accuracy of data input or coding
 - A. missing data codes (use a clear missing value)
 - B. mistyped, mis-scanned data matrices
 - C. improperly reversed items
 - 1. let the computer do it for you
 - 2. why reverse when a negative sign will work

Data errors (continued)

I. Ignoring the pattern of missing data, is it random or systematic?

II. Failure to examine distributional characteristics.

A. weird data -> weird results

III. Failure to screen for outliers

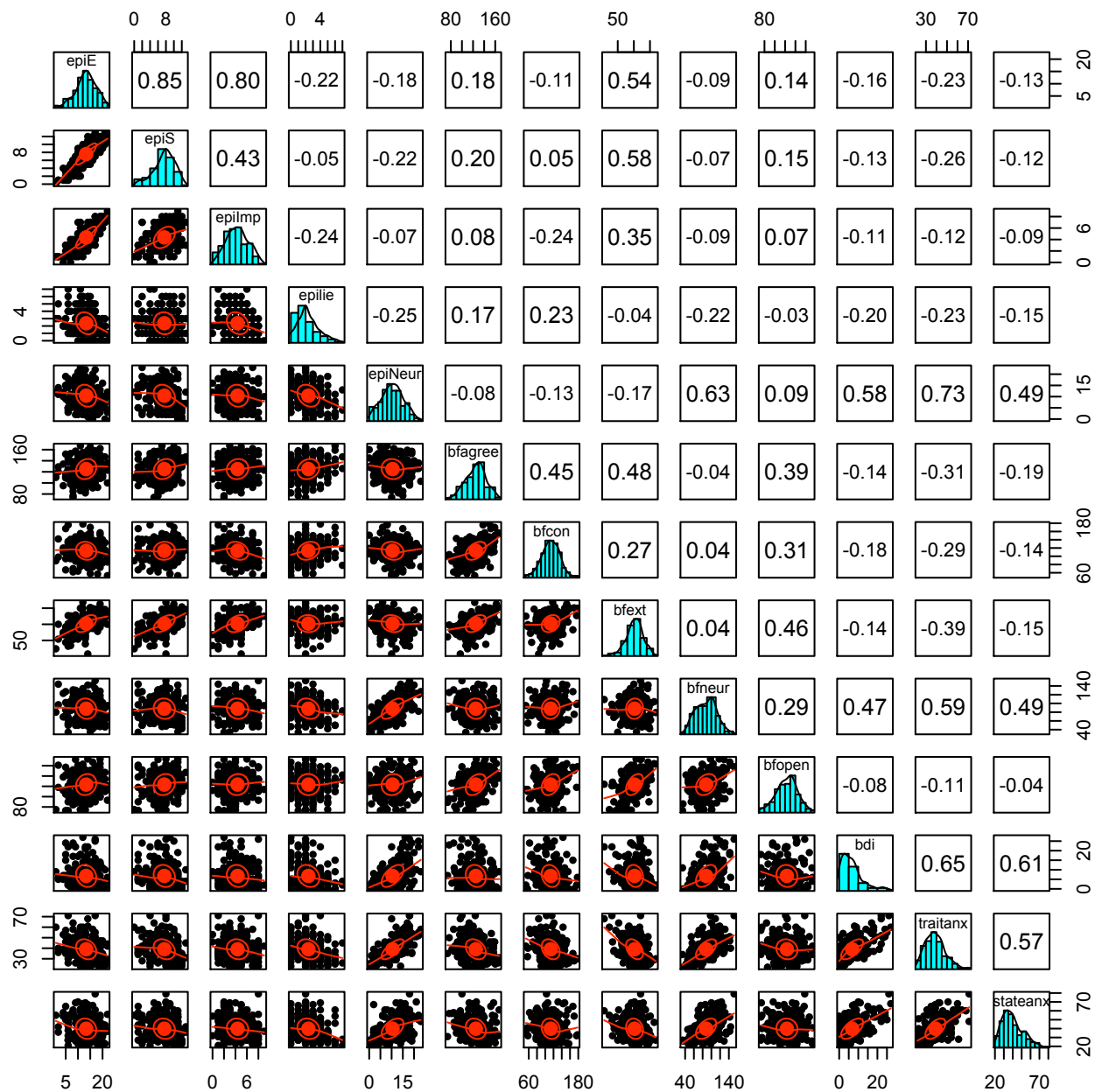
A. outliers due to mistakes

B. outliers due to systematic differences

Describe the data!

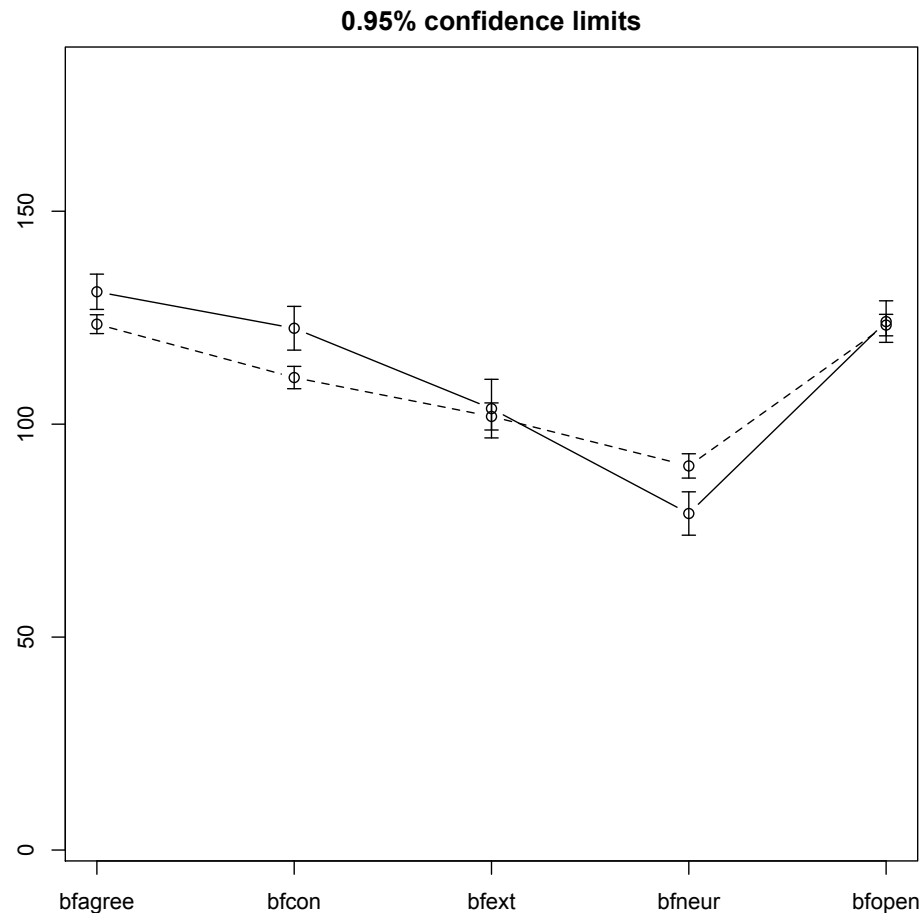
```
> describe(epi.bfi)
```

	var	n	mean	sd	median	trimmed	mad	min	max	range	skew	kurtosis	se
epiE	1	231	13.33	4.14	14	13.49	4.45	1	22	21	-0.33	-0.06	0.27
epiS	2	231	7.58	2.69	8	7.77	2.97	0	13	13	-0.57	-0.02	0.18
epiImp	3	231	4.37	1.88	4	4.36	1.48	0	9	9	0.06	-0.62	0.12
epilie	4	231	2.38	1.50	2	2.27	1.48	0	7	7	0.66	0.24	0.10
epiNeur	5	231	10.41	4.90	10	10.39	4.45	0	23	23	0.06	-0.50	0.32
bfagree	6	231	125.00	18.14	126	125.26	17.79	74	167	93	-0.21	-0.27	1.19
bfcon	7	231	113.25	21.88	114	113.42	22.24	53	178	125	-0.02	0.23	1.44
bfext	8	231	102.18	26.45	104	102.99	22.24	8	168	160	-0.41	0.51	1.74
bfneur	9	231	87.97	23.34	90	87.70	23.72	34	152	118	0.07	-0.55	1.54
bfopen	10	231	123.43	20.51	125	123.78	20.76	73	173	100	-0.16	-0.16	1.35
bdi	11	231	6.78	5.78	6	5.97	4.45	0	27	27	1.29	1.50	0.38
traitanx	12	231	39.01	9.52	38	38.36	8.90	22	71	49	0.67	0.47	0.63
stateanx	13	231	39.85	11.48	38	38.92	10.38	21	79	58	0.72	-0.01	0.76



Exclude bad subjects

```
error.bars.by(eps.bfi[,6:10],(eps.bfi$epilie<4))
```



High “Lie” scorers
are different

Data errors (continued)

- I. Assuming all relationships are linear without checking (graphical techniques are helpful for non-linearities, but not for interactions)
- II. Ignoring lack of independence among observations (nesting of subjects within pairs, classrooms, managers).

Errors of Analysis and Respecification

I. Failure to check the accuracy of computer syntax.

A. direction of effects,

B. error specifications,

C. paths omitted

II. Respecifying the model based entirely on statistical criteria

III. Failure to check for admissible solutions

A. Are some of the paths impossible, do you have negative error variances

Errors of Analysis and Respecification (continued)

I. Reporting only standardized estimates

A. These are sample based estimates and reflect variances as well as covariances

II. Analyzing a correlation matrix when the covariance matrix is more appropriate

A.e.g., anything that has a growth or change component to it

Errors of Analysis and Respecification (continued)

I. Analyzing a data set with extremely high correlations

A. solution will either be unstable or will not work if variables are too “colinear”

II. Not enough subjects for complexity of the data

A. This is ambiguous -- what is enough?

B. Partly reflects se of $r = 1/\sqrt{n-3}$

Errors of Analysis and Respecification (continued)

- I. Setting scales of latent variables inappropriately. (particularly a problem with multiple group comparisons).
- II. Ignoring the start values or giving bad ones. Supplying reasonable start values helps a great deal
- III. Do different start values lead to different solutions?

Errors of Analysis and Respecification (continued)

- I. Failure to recognize empirical underidentification (for some data sets, the model is underidentified even though there are enough parameters)
- II. Failure to separate measurement from structural portion of model
 - A. Use the two or four step procedure

Errors of Analysis and Respecification (continued)

- I. Estimating means and intercepts without showing measurement invariance
- II. Analyzing parcels without checking if parcels are in fact factorially homogeneous.
 - A. Factorial Homogeneous Item Domains (FHID)
 - B. Homogenous Item Composites (HIC)

Errors of Interpretation

I. Looking only at indexes of overall fit

A. need to examine the residuals to see where there is misfit, even though overall model is fine

II. Interpreting good fit as meaning model is “proved”.

A. consider alternative models

B. better able to reject alternatives

Errors of Interpretation (continued)

- I. Interpreting good fit as meaning that the endogenous variables are strongly predicted.
 - A. What is predicted is the covariance of the variables, not the variables
 - B. Are the residual covariances small, not whether the error variance is small

Consider two data sets

I. `cong1 <- sim.congeneric(loads=rep(.8,6))`

II. `cong2 <- sim.congneric(loads=rep(.4,6))`

Data sets 1 and 2

> cong1

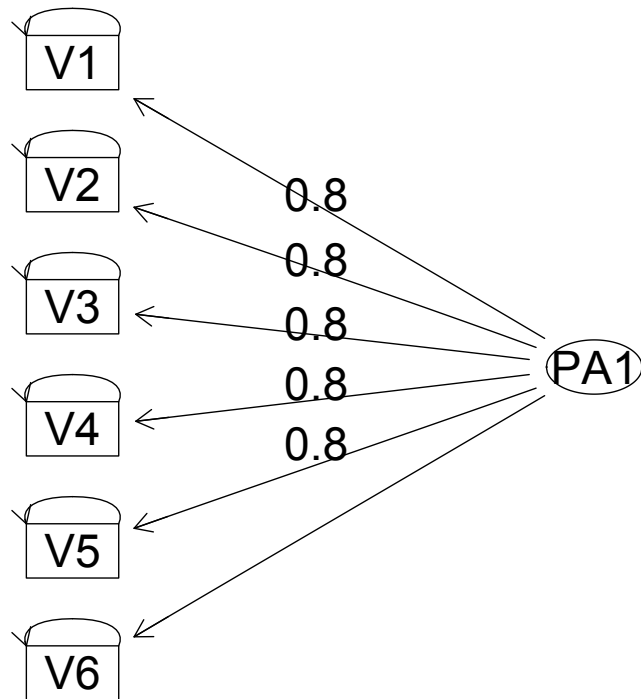
	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	V6
V1	1.00	0.64	0.64	0.64	0.64	0.64
V2	0.64	1.00	0.64	0.64	0.64	0.64
V3	0.64	0.64	1.00	0.64	0.64	0.64
V4	0.64	0.64	0.64	1.00	0.64	0.64
V5	0.64	0.64	0.64	0.64	1.00	0.64
V6	0.64	0.64	0.64	0.64	0.64	1.00

> cong2

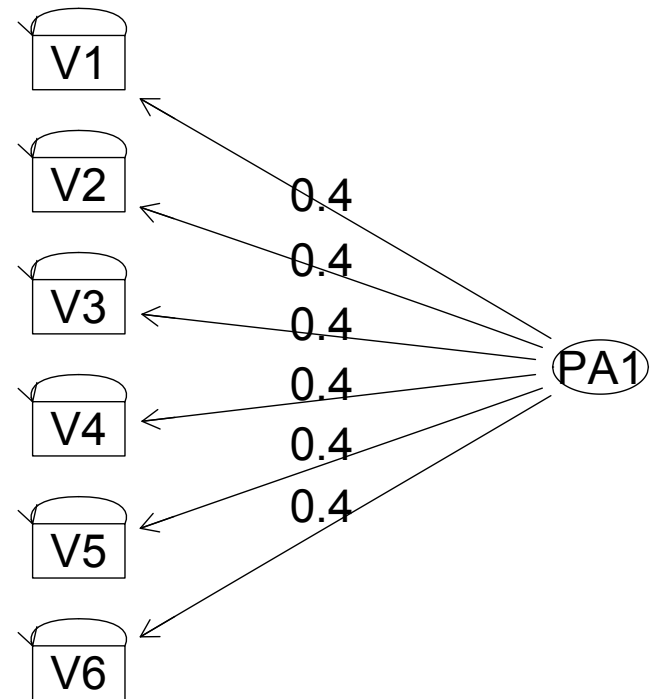
	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	V6
V1	1.00	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16
V2	0.16	1.00	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16
V3	0.16	0.16	1.00	0.16	0.16	0.16
V4	0.16	0.16	0.16	1.00	0.16	0.16
V5	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	1.00	0.16
V6	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16	1.00

Two structural models

Structural model



Structural model



Set 1

```
> summary(sem1,digits=2)
```

```
Model Chisquare = 5.4e-11    Df = 9 Pr(>Chisq) = 1
Chisquare (null model) = 731    Df = 15
Goodness-of-fit index = 1
Adjusted goodness-of-fit index = 1
RMSEA index = 0    90% CI: (NA, NA)
Bentler-Bonnett NFI = 1
Tucker-Lewis NNFI = 1.0
Bentler CFI = 1
SRMR = 3.6e-07
BIC = -48
```

Parameter Estimates

	Estimate	Std Error	z value	Pr(> z)	
V1	0.80	0.060	13.2	0.0e+00	V1 <--- PA1
V2	0.80	0.060	13.2	0.0e+00	V2 <--- PA1
V3	0.80	0.060	13.2	0.0e+00	V3 <--- PA1
V4	0.80	0.060	13.2	0.0e+00	V4 <--- PA1
V5	0.80	0.060	13.2	0.0e+00	V5 <--- PA1
V6	0.80	0.060	13.2	0.0e+00	V6 <--- PA1
x1e	0.36	0.043	8.3	2.2e-16	V1 <--> V1
x2e	0.36	0.043	8.3	2.2e-16	V2 <--> V2
x3e	0.36	0.043	8.3	2.2e-16	V3 <--> V3
x4e	0.36	0.043	8.3	2.2e-16	V4 <--> V4
x5e	0.36	0.043	8.3	2.2e-16	V5 <--> V5
x6e	0.36	0.043	8.3	2.2e-16	V6 <--> V6

Set 2

```
> summary(sem2,digits=2)
```

```
Model Chisquare = 4.4e-09    Df = 9  Pr(>Chisq) = 1
Chisquare (null model) = 57    Df = 15
Goodness-of-fit index = 1
Adjusted goodness-of-fit index = 1
RMSEA index = 0    90% CI: (NA, NA)
Bentler-Bonnett NFI = 1
Tucker-Lewis NNFI = 1.4
Bentler CFI = 1
SRMR = 2.0e-06
BIC = -48
```

Normalized Residuals

Min.	1st Qu.	Median	Mean	3rd Qu.	Max.
-2.5e-05	-2.5e-05	-2.5e-05	-2.5e-05	-2.5e-05	-2.5e-05

Parameter Estimates

	Estimate	Std Error	z value	Pr(> z)	
V1	0.40	0.098	4.1	4.5e-05	V1 <--- PA1
V2	0.40	0.098	4.1	4.5e-05	V2 <--- PA1
V3	0.40	0.098	4.1	4.5e-05	V3 <--- PA1
V4	0.40	0.098	4.1	4.5e-05	V4 <--- PA1
V5	0.40	0.098	4.1	4.5e-05	V5 <--- PA1
V6	0.40	0.098	4.1	4.5e-05	V6 <--- PA1
x1e	0.84	0.101	8.3	2.2e-16	V1 <--> V1
x2e	0.84	0.101	8.3	2.2e-16	V2 <--> V2
x3e	0.84	0.101	8.3	2.2e-16	V3 <--> V3
x4e	0.84	0.101	8.3	2.2e-16	V4 <--> V4
x5e	0.84	0.101	8.3	2.2e-16	V5 <--> V5
x6e	0.84	0.101	8.3	2.2e-16	V6 <--> V6

Interpreting the two sets

- I. Good fits and reliable parameter estimates in both data sets
- II. Both models fit the covariances very well
 - A. Residuals are tiny in both cases
- III. One model fits the variables better (better variables)

Errors of Interpretation (continued)

- I. Relying solely on statistical criterion in model evaluation
 - A. What can the model not explain
 - B. What are alternative models
 - C. What constraints does the model imply

Errors of Interpretation (continued)

I. Relying too much on statistical tests

A. significance of particular path coefficients
does not imply effect size or importance

B. Overall statistical fit (chi square) is
sensitive to model misfit as $f(N)$

Errors of Interpretation (continued)

I. Misinterpreting the standardized solution in multiple group problems

II. Failure to consider equivalent models

A. Why is this model better than equivalent models?

III. Failure to consider non-equivalent models

A. Why is this model better than other, non-equivalent ones?

Errors of Interpretation (continued)

I. Reifying the latent variables

A. Latent variables are just models of
observed data

B. “factors are fictions”

II. Believing that naming a factor means it is understood

Errors of Interpretation (continued)

- I. Believing that a strong analytical method like SEM can overcome poor theory or poor design.
- II. Failure to report enough so that you can be replicated
- III. Interpreting estimates of large effects as evidence for “causality”

Testing for a general factor in personality

I. A critique of Rushton and Irwing

A. Rushton and Irwing have proposed that there is a general factor personality equivalent to that of the general factor of ability

B. Report higher level factor structure of Big 5 instruments

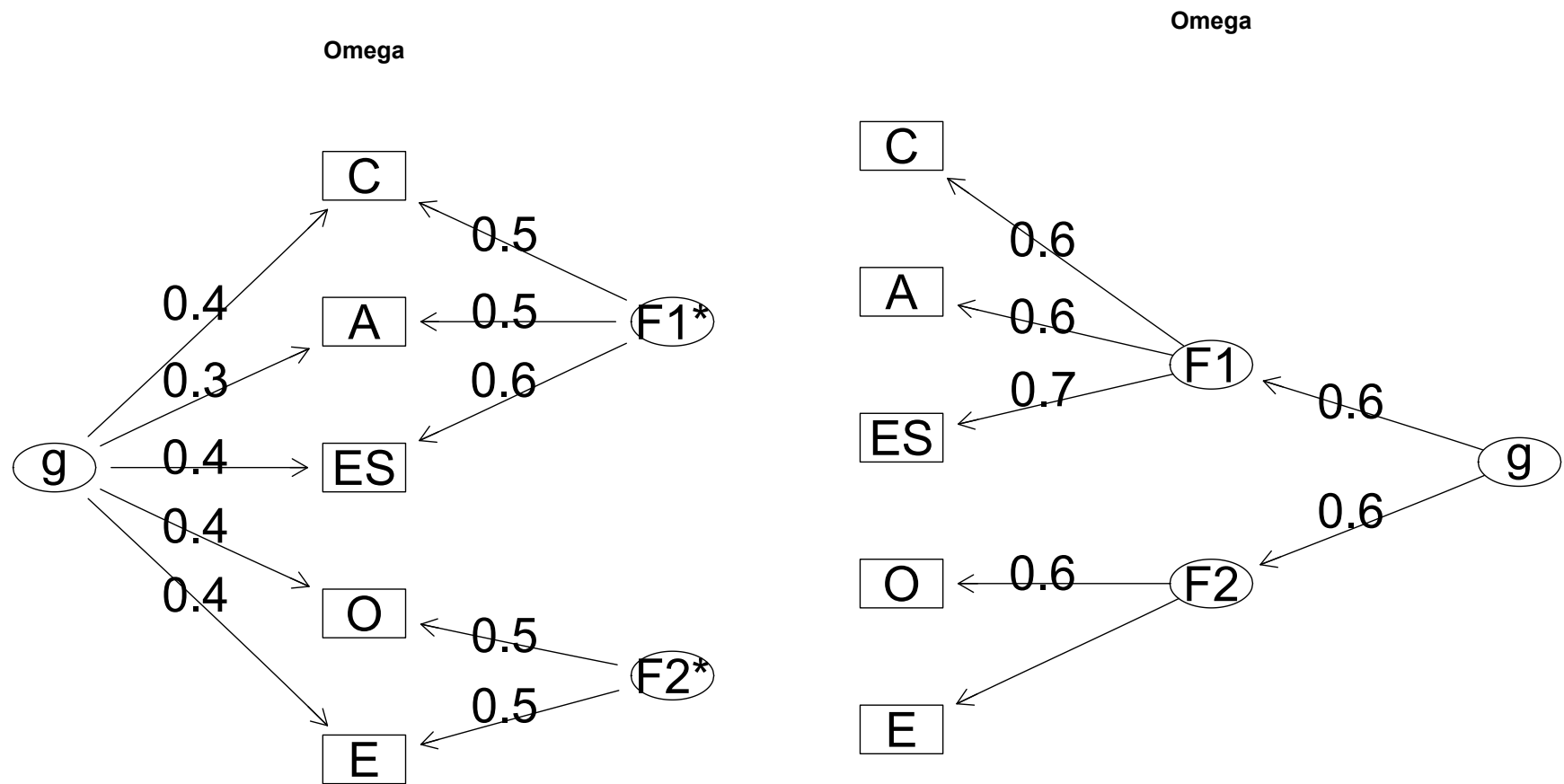
Median Big 5 correlation

```
> rush.med <- read.clipboard( )
```

```
> rush.med
```

	O	C	E	A	ES
O	1.00	0.190	0.420	0.070	0.120
C	0.19	1.000	0.175	0.350	0.425
E	0.42	0.175	1.000	0.085	0.230
A	0.07	0.350	0.085	1.000	0.410
ES	0.12	0.425	0.230	0.410	1.000

Hierarchical factor solutions



sem of hierarchical model

```
> med.mod <- edit(om.med$model)
> sem.med <- sem(med.mod,rush.med,1000)
> summary(sem.med,digits=2)
```

```
Model Chisquare = 23    Df = 4 Pr(>Chisq) = 0.00013
Chisquare (null model) = 704    Df = 10
Goodness-of-fit index = 1
Adjusted goodness-of-fit index = 0.97
RMSEA index = 0.069    90% CI: (0.043, 0.097)
Bentler-Bonnett NFI = 0.97
Tucker-Lewis NNFI = 0.93
Bentler CFI = 0.97
SRMR = 0.030
BIC = -4.7
```

Normalized Residuals

Min.	1st Qu.	Median	Mean	3rd Qu.	Max.
-2.1e+00	-3.6e-01	-3.9e-07	-4.1e-02	2.5e-01	2.2e+00

Loadings match EFA

Parameter Estimates

	Estimate	Std Error	z value	Pr(> z)	
gF1	0.75	0.078	9.6	0.00000	F1 <--- g
F2O	0.44	0.045	9.9	0.00000	O <--- F2
F1C	0.49	0.034	14.2	0.00000	C <--- F1
F2E	0.61	0.071	8.6	0.00000	E <--- F2
F1A	0.45	0.034	13.1	0.00000	A <--- F1
F1ES	0.58	0.039	14.8	0.00000	ES <--- F1
e1	0.70	0.064	10.9	0.00000	O <--> O
e2	0.63	0.042	14.9	0.00000	C <--> C
e3	0.42	0.109	3.8	0.00013	E <--> E
e4	0.69	0.040	17.3	0.00000	A <--> A
e5	0.48	0.048	10.1	0.00000	ES <--> ES

But ω_h is low

```
> om.med
```

```
Omega
```

```
Call: omega(m = rush.med, nfactors = 2, sl = FALSE)
```

```
Alpha: 0.62
```

```
G.6: 0.61
```

```
Omega Hierarchical: 0.35
```

```
Omega Total 0.71
```

```
Schmid Leiman Factor loadings greater than 0.2
```

	g	F1*	F2*	h2	u2
O	0.36		0.53	0.42	0.58
C	0.38	0.47		0.37	0.63
E	0.40		0.52	0.43	0.57
A	0.30	0.51		0.36	0.64
ES	0.42	0.57		0.50	0.50

```
With eigenvalues of:
```

	g	F1*	F2*
	0.70	0.81	0.56

```
> summary(sem.med.sl,digits=2)
```

```
Model Chisquare = 12    Df = 0 Pr(>Chisq) = NA
Chisquare (null model) = 704    Df = 10
Goodness-of-fit index = 1
BIC = 12
```

```
Normalized Residuals
```

```
      Min.  1st Qu.   Median      Mean  3rd Qu.    Max.
-1.1e+00 -3.0e-05 -1.6e-05  2.3e-02 -1.6e-07  1.5e+00
```

```
Parameter Estimates
```

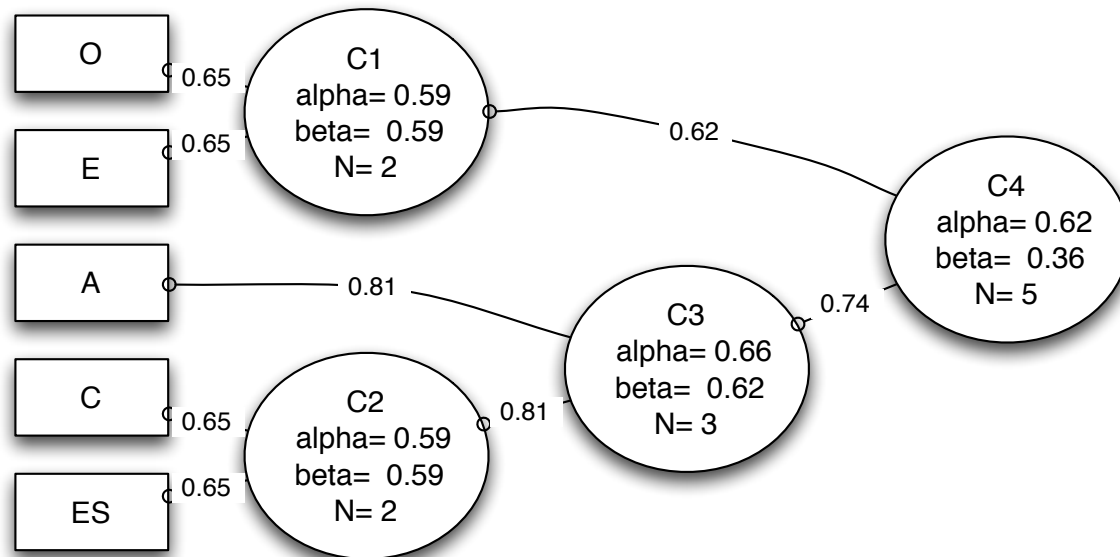
	Estimate	Std Error	z value	Pr(> z)	
O	0.33	0.896	0.37	7.1e-01	O <--- g
C	0.44	1.192	0.37	7.1e-01	C <--- g
E	0.45	1.224	0.37	7.1e-01	E <--- g
A	0.20	0.536	0.36	7.2e-01	A <--- g
ES	0.48	1.299	0.37	7.1e-01	ES <--- g
F2*O	0.58	2.073	0.28	7.8e-01	O <--- F2*
F1*C	0.43	1.148	0.37	7.1e-01	C <--- F1*
F2*E	0.47	1.967	0.24	8.1e-01	E <--- F2*
F1*A	0.62	0.586	1.06	2.9e-01	A <--- F1*
F1*ES	0.51	1.294	0.39	6.9e-01	ES <--- F1*
e1	0.55	2.375	0.23	8.2e-01	O <--> O
e2	0.63	0.077	8.15	4.4e-16	C <--> C
e3	0.58	1.549	0.37	7.1e-01	E <--> E
e4	0.58	0.935	0.62	5.4e-01	A <--> A
e5	0.51	0.093	5.54	3.0e-08	ES <--> ES

Compare
with S-L
solution
fully
saturated

ICLUST shows structure

ICLUST

Hierarchical cluster analysis solution to the Digman data set



Comrey Personality Inv.

```
> comrey <- read.clipboard()
```

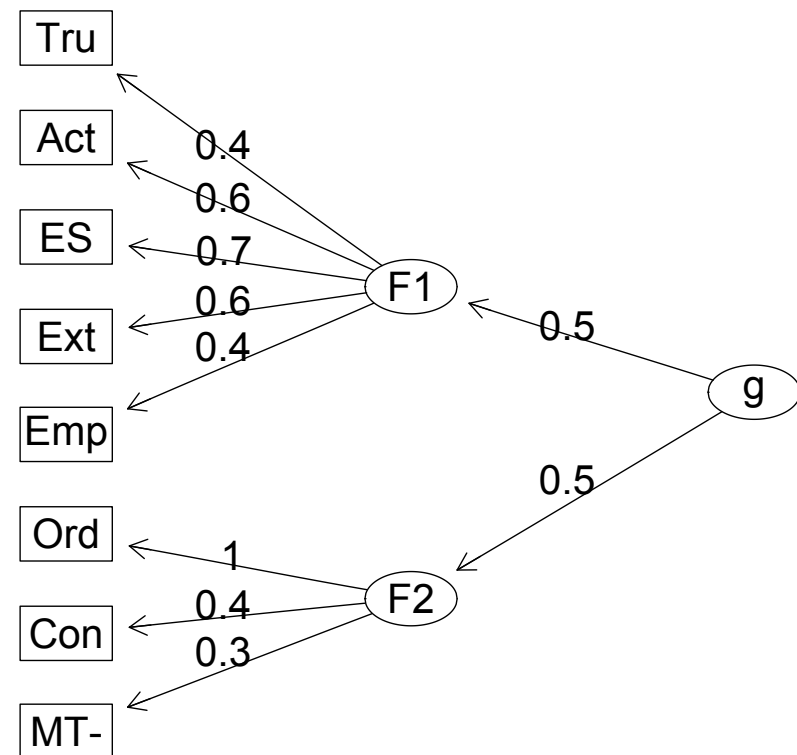
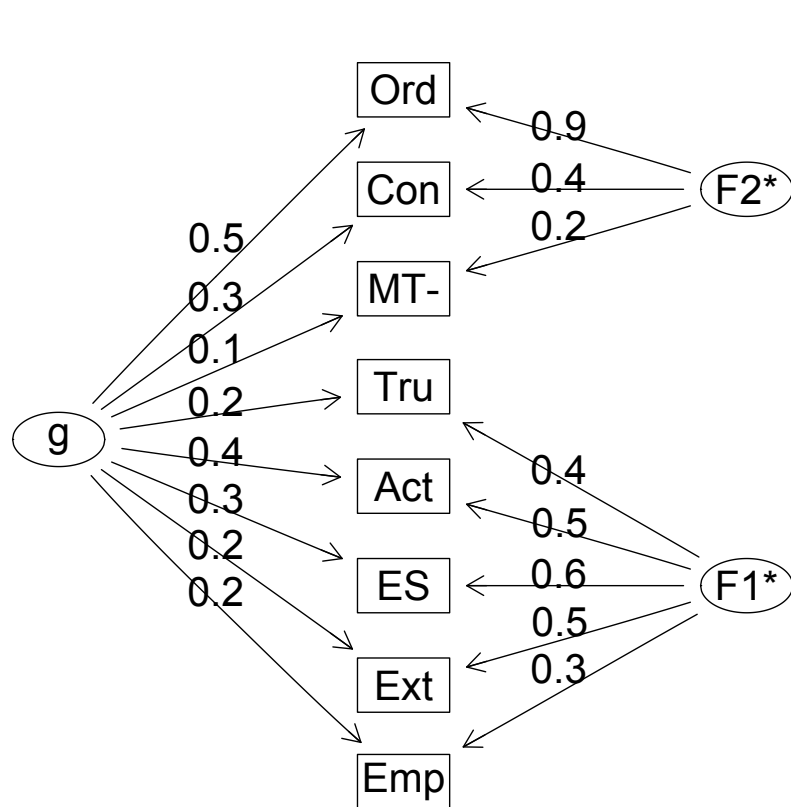
```
> comrey
```

	Tru	Ord	Con	Act	ES	Ext	MT	Emp
Trust	1.00	0.01	0.14	0.11	0.34	0.12	-0.07	0.33
Orderliness	0.01	1.00	0.48	0.36	0.11	0.01	-0.26	0.05
Conformity	0.14	0.48	1.00	0.20	0.18	0.05	-0.27	0.08
Activity	0.11	0.36	0.20	1.00	0.39	0.35	0.10	0.25
Emotional_stability	0.34	0.11	0.18	0.39	1.00	0.36	0.14	0.15
Extraversion	0.12	0.01	0.05	0.35	0.36	1.00	0.01	0.24
Mental_toughness	-0.07	-0.26	-0.27	0.10	0.14	0.01	1.00	-0.26
Empathy	0.33	0.05	0.08	0.25	0.15	0.24	-0.26	1.00

Bifactor and Hierarchical solutions

" !

Omega



Omega is small

```
> om.c
Omega
Call: omega(m = comrey, nfactors = 2)
Alpha: 0.63
G.6: 0.68
Omega Hierarchical: 0.22
Omega Total 0.71
```

Schmid Leiman Factor loadings greater than 0.2

	g	F1*	F2*	h2	u2
Tru		0.36			0.85
Ord	0.46		0.88	1.00	
Con	0.27		0.40	0.25	0.75
Act	0.37	0.49	0.22	0.42	0.58
ES	0.30	0.60		0.45	0.55
Ext	0.21	0.50		0.30	0.70
MT-			0.25		0.92
Emp		0.33			0.87

With eigenvalues of:

	g	F1*	F2*
	0.61	1.11	1.06

```
> rownames(comrey) <- colnames(comrey)
> sem.c.sl <- sem(om.c$model,comrey,1000)
> summary(sem.c.sl,digits=2)
```

```
Model Chisquare = 244    Df = 12 Pr(>Chisq) = 0
Chisquare (null model) = 1431    Df = 28
Goodness-of-fit index = 0.94
Adjusted goodness-of-fit index = 0.83
RMSEA index = 0.14    90% CI: (0.12, 0.15)
Bentler-Bonnett NFI = 0.83
Tucker-Lewis NNFI = 0.61
Bentler CFI = 0.83
SRMR = 0.076
BIC = 161
```

Fit is
poor

Parameters do not show g

Parameter Estimates

	Estimate	Std Error	z value	Pr(> z)	
Tru	-0.019	0.047	-0.42	6.8e-01	Tru <--- g
Ord	0.667	0.175	3.81	1.4e-04	Ord <--- g
Con	0.338	0.116	2.91	3.6e-03	Con <--- g
Act	0.380	0.088	4.34	1.5e-05	Act <--- g
ES	0.220	0.063	3.48	5.0e-04	ES <--- g
Ext	0.021	0.038	0.54	5.9e-01	Ext <--- g
MT-	0.574	0.137	4.18	2.9e-05	MT <--- g
Emp	-0.151	0.053	-2.85	4.3e-03	Emp <--- g
F1*Tru	0.407	0.043	9.49	0.0e+00	Tru <--- F1*
F2*Ord	0.594	0.142	4.19	2.8e-05	Ord <--- F2*
F2*Con	0.429	0.122	3.50	4.6e-04	Con <--- F2*
F1*Act	0.543	0.037	14.62	0.0e+00	Act <--- F1*
F1*ES	0.588	0.049	11.97	0.0e+00	ES <--- F1*
F1*Ext	0.557	0.038	14.51	0.0e+00	Ext <--- F1*
F2*MT-	-1.082	0.524	-2.07	3.9e-02	MT <--- F2*
F1*Emp	0.477	0.059	8.07	6.7e-16	Emp <--- F1*
e1	0.834	0.045	18.45	0.0e+00	Tru <--> Tru
e2	0.202	0.114	1.76	7.8e-02	Ord <--> Ord
e3	0.702	0.053	13.17	0.0e+00	Con <--> Con
e4	0.561	0.061	9.22	0.0e+00	Act <--> Act
e5	0.606	0.042	14.38	0.0e+00	ES <--> ES
e6	0.690	0.041	16.66	0.0e+00	Ext <--> Ext
e7	-0.501	1.263	-0.40	6.9e-01	MT <--> MT
e8	0.750	0.069	10.87	0.0e+00	Emp <--> Emp

MMPI

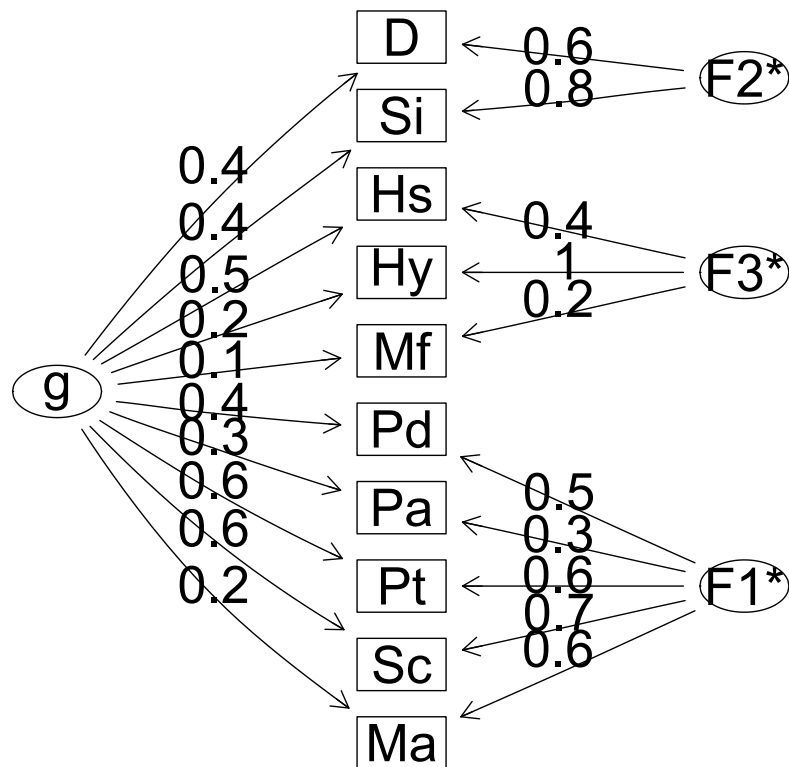
```
> mmpi <- read.clipboard()
```

```
> mmpi
```

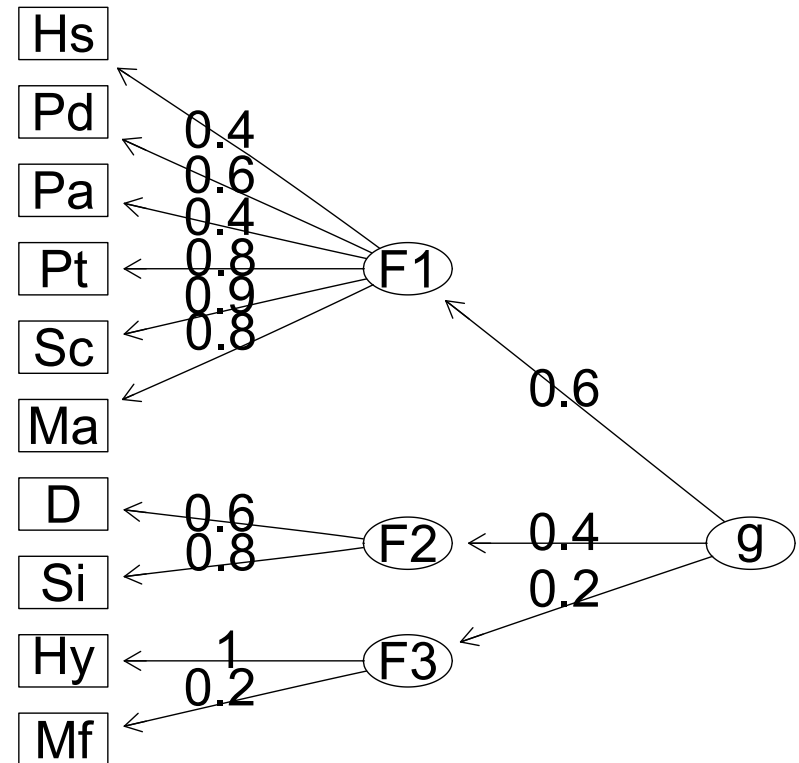
	Hs	D	Hy	Pd	Mf	Pa	Pt	Sc	Ma	Si
Hs	1.00	0.55	0.47	0.35	0.03	0.24	0.56	0.58	0.20	0.35
D	0.55	1.00	0.35	0.36	0.15	0.29	0.54	0.44	-0.14	0.55
Hy	0.47	0.35	1.00	0.26	0.16	0.27	0.02	0.08	-0.04	-0.17
Pd	0.35	0.36	0.26	1.00	0.12	0.41	0.49	0.60	0.39	0.13
Mf	0.03	0.15	0.16	0.12	1.00	0.21	0.16	0.11	0.01	0.10
Pa	0.24	0.29	0.27	0.41	0.21	1.00	0.39	0.43	0.18	0.10
Pt	0.56	0.54	0.02	0.49	0.16	0.39	1.00	0.84	0.35	0.56
Sc	0.58	0.44	0.08	0.60	0.11	0.43	0.84	1.00	0.49	0.44
Ma	0.20	-0.14	-0.04	0.39	0.01	0.18	0.35	0.49	1.00	-0.20
Si	0.35	0.55	-0.17	0.13	0.10	0.10	0.56	0.44	-0.20	1.00

Omega solutions

Omega



Omega



Simple sem does not converge - negative error v

```
> sem.mmpi.sl <- sem(om.mmpi.sl$model,mmpi,1000)
```

Warning message:

```
In sem.default(ram = ram, S = S, N = N, param.names = pars, var.names  
= vars, :
```

```
  Optimization may not have converged; nlm return code = 4. Consult ?  
nlm.
```

```
> summary(sem.mmpi.sl,digits=2)
```

```
Model Chisquare =    996    Df =    25 Pr(>Chisq) = 0
```

```
Chisquare (null model) =  5152    Df =    45
```

```
Goodness-of-fit index =  0.83
```

```
Adjusted goodness-of-fit index =  0.63
```

```
RMSEA index =  0.20    90% CI: (NA, NA)
```

```
Bentler-Bonnett NFI =  0.8
```

```
Tucker-Lewis NNFI =  0.66
```

```
Bentler CFI =  0.81
```

```
SRMR =  0.10
```

```
BIC =  823
```

-7.22000 -1.07000 -0.00016 0.71800 2.29000 9.17000

Parameter Estimates

	Estimate	Std Error	z value	Pr(> z)	
Hs	0.588	0.0322	18.30	0.0e+00	Hs <--- g
D	0.742	0.0313	23.74	0.0e+00	D <--- g
Hy	0.077	0.0362	2.12	3.4e-02	Hy <--- g
Pd	0.324	0.0356	9.10	0.0e+00	Pd <--- g
Mf	0.159	0.0338	4.70	2.6e-06	Mf <--- g
Pa	0.283	0.0355	7.98	1.6e-15	Pa <--- g
Pt	0.758	0.0319	23.79	0.0e+00	Pt <--- g
Sc	0.645	0.0352	18.33	0.0e+00	Sc <--- g
Ma	-0.103	0.0396	-2.61	9.1e-03	Ma <--- g
Si	0.791	0.0310	25.52	0.0e+00	Si <--- g
F3*Hs	0.047	0.0033	14.12	0.0e+00	Hs <--- F3*
F2*D	0.886	0.8665	1.02	3.1e-01	D <--- F2*
F3*Hy	9.381	0.0811	115.69	0.0e+00	Hy <--- F3*
F1*Pd	0.546	0.0313	17.46	0.0e+00	Pd <--- F1*
F3*Mf	0.020	0.0030	6.85	7.3e-12	Mf <--- F3*
F1*Pa	0.346	0.0344	10.06	0.0e+00	Pa <--- F1*
F1*Pt	0.508	0.0290	17.54	0.0e+00	Pt <--- F1*
F1*Sc	0.696	0.0285	24.41	0.0e+00	Sc <--- F1*
F1*Ma	0.803	0.0315	25.53	0.0e+00	Ma <--- F1*
F2*Si	-0.042	0.0491	-0.86	3.9e-01	Si <--- F2*
e1	0.652	0.0337	19.36	0.0e+00	Hs <--> Hs
e2	-0.336	1.5353	-0.22	8.3e-01	D <--> D
e3	-86.990	1.4489	-60.04	0.0e+00	Hy <--> Hy
e4	0.597	0.0285	20.92	0.0e+00	Pd <--> Pd
e5	0.974	0.0438	22.25	0.0e+00	Mf <--> Mf
e6	0.800	0.0365	21.94	0.0e+00	Pa <--> Pa
e7	0.168	0.0123	13.60	0.0e+00	Pt <--> Pt
e8	0.100	0.0125	7.95	2.0e-15	Sc <--> Sc

Note the
negative
error
variance

Omega results

```
> om.mmpi.sl
```

```
Omega
```

```
Call: omega(m = mmpi)
```

```
Alpha: 0.8
```

```
G.6: 0.87
```

```
Omega Hierarchical: 0.36
```

```
Omega Total 0.89
```

```
Schmid Leiman Factor loadings greater than 0.2
```

	g	F1*	F2*	F3*	h2	u2
Hs	0.46	0.36	0.25	0.42	0.59	0.41
D	0.44		0.57	0.32	0.64	0.36
Hy				0.98	1.00	
Pd	0.38	0.51		0.21	0.45	0.55
Mf						0.95
Pa	0.29	0.33		0.23	0.25	0.75
Pt	0.58	0.62	0.34		0.83	
Sc	0.58	0.73			0.90	
Ma		0.63	0.48		0.68	0.32
Si	0.40		0.75		0.77	0.23

```
With eigenvalues of:
```

g	F1*	F2*	F3*
1.5	1.9	1.3	1.4

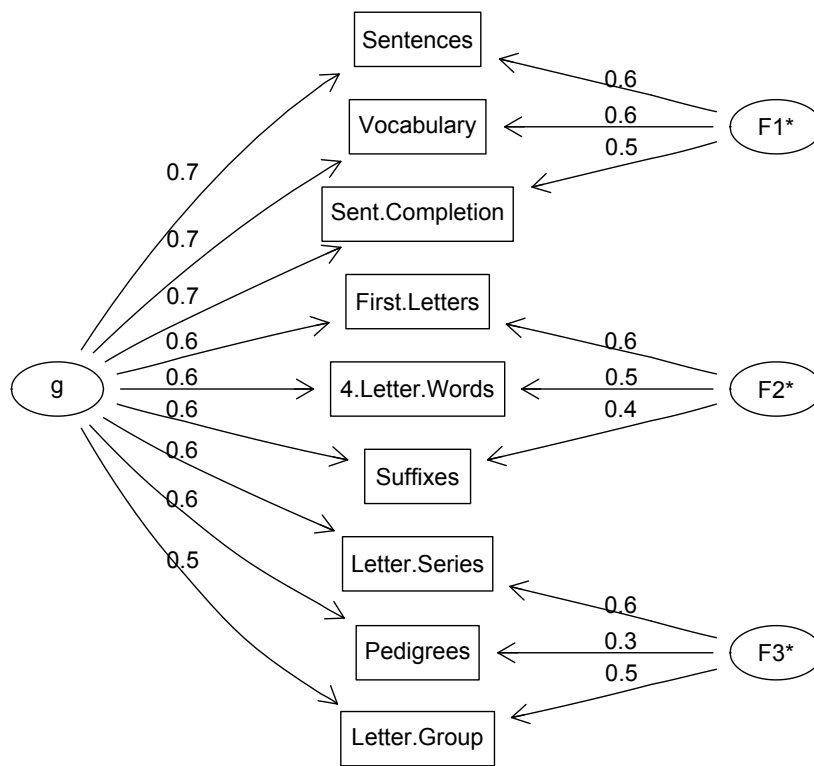
Compare with IQ

- I. Thurstone 9 variable problem
- II. Thurston Bechtoldt 17 variables
- III. Holzinger-Harman 24 variables

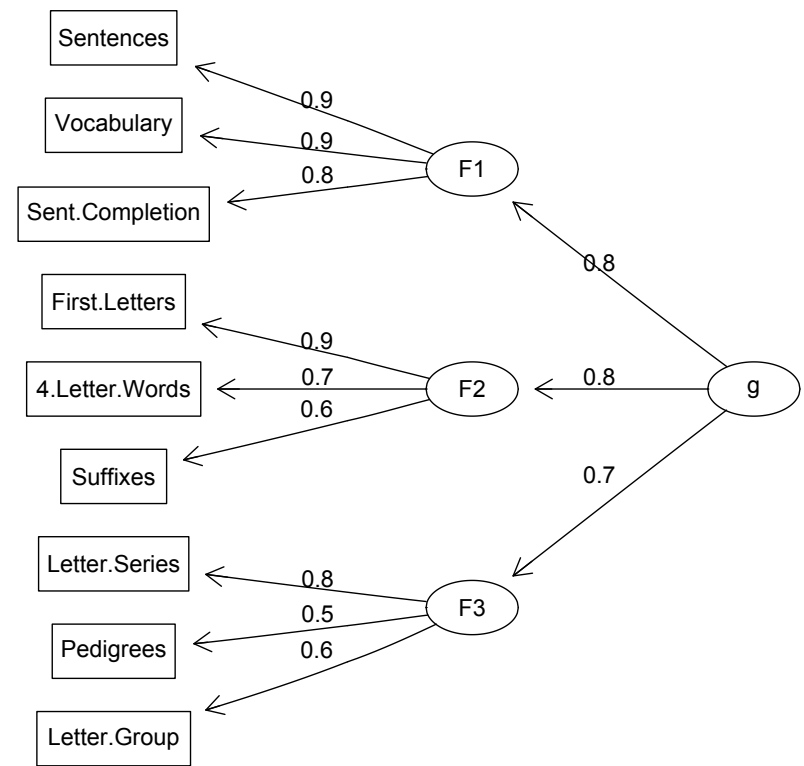
Thurstone 9 variables

```
data(bifactor)  
om.t <- omega(Thurstone,n.obs=213)
```

Omega



Omega



Omega is high

```
> om.t <-omega(Thurstone,n.obs=213)
> om.t
Omega
Call: omega(m = Thurstone, n.obs = 213)
Alpha: 0.89
G.6: 0.91
Omega Hierarchical: 0.74
Omega Total 0.93
Schmid Leiman Factor loadings greater than 0.2
```

	g	F1*	F2*	F3*	h2	u2
Sentences	0.71	0.57			0.83	
Vocabulary	0.73	0.55			0.84	
Sent.Completion	0.68	0.52			0.73	0.27
First.Letters	0.65		0.56		0.73	0.27
4.Letter.Words	0.62		0.49		0.63	0.37
Suffixes	0.56		0.41		0.50	0.50
Letter.Series	0.59			0.61	0.72	0.28
Pedigrees	0.58	0.23		0.34	0.50	0.50
Letter.Group	0.54			0.46	0.53	0.47

```
With eigenvalues of:
  g  F1*  F2*  F3*
3.60 0.96 0.74 0.71
general/max 3.73  max/min = 1.36
The degrees of freedom for the model is 12 and the fit was 0.01
The number of observations was 213 with Chi Square = 2.82 with
prob < 1
```

SEM is very good

```
> sem.t.sl <- sem(om.t$model,Thurstone,213)
> summary(sem.t.sl,digits=2)
```

```
Model Chisquare = 24    Df = 18 Pr(>Chisq) = 0.15
Chisquare (null model) = 1102    Df = 36
Goodness-of-fit index = 0.98
Adjusted goodness-of-fit index = 0.94
RMSEA index = 0.04    90% CI: (NA, 0.078)
Bentler-Bonnett NFI = 0.98
Tucker-Lewis NNFI = 0.99
Bentler CFI = 1
SRMR = 0.035
BIC = -72
```

Normalized Residuals

Min.	1st Qu.	Median	Mean	3rd Qu.	Max.
-8.2e-01	-3.3e-01	-8.9e-07	2.8e-02	1.6e-01	1.8e+00

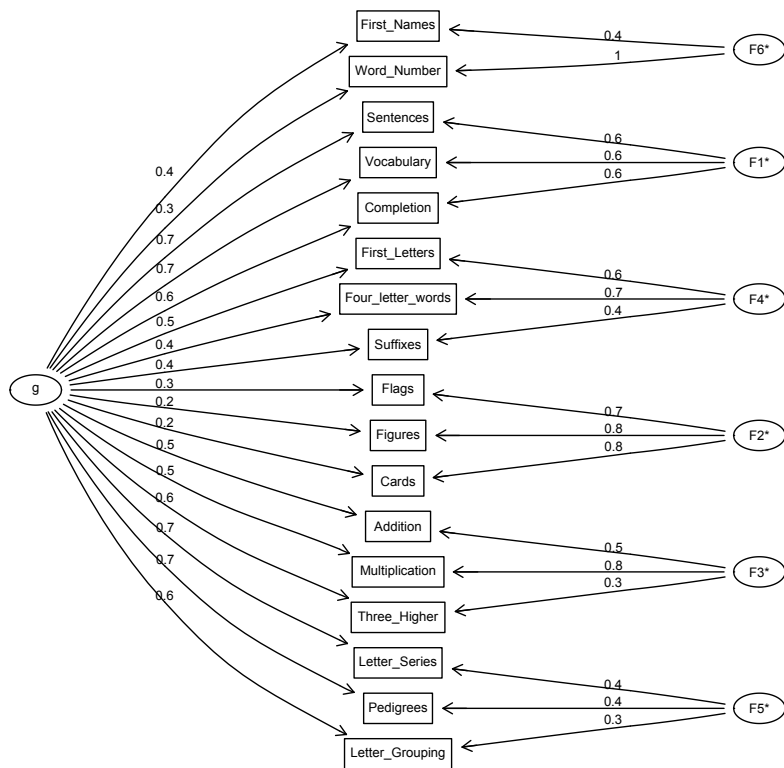
Parameters show g

Parameter Estimates

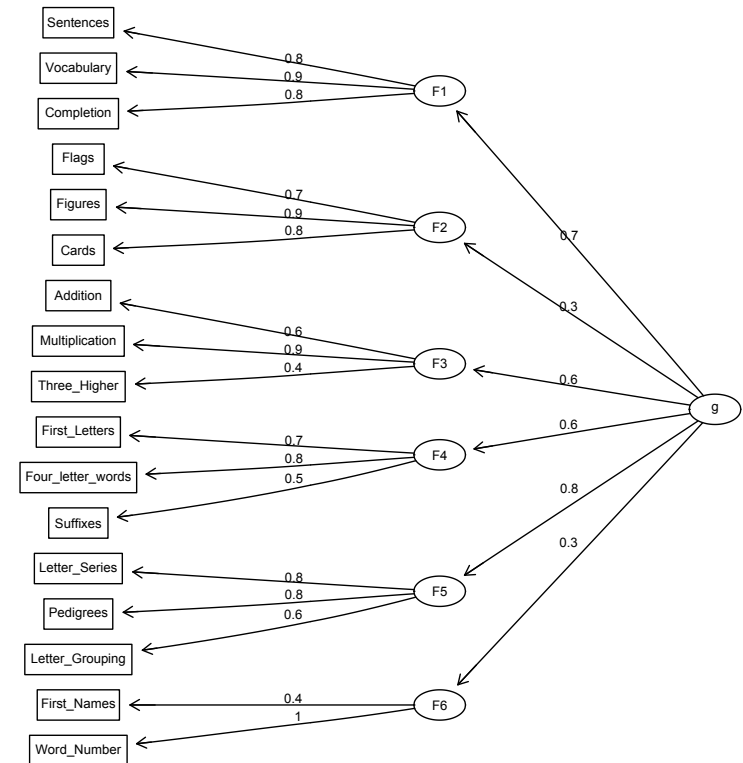
	Estimate	Std Error	z value	Pr(> z)
Sentences	0.77	0.073	10.57	0.0e+00
Vocabulary	0.79	0.072	10.92	0.0e+00
Sent.Completion	0.75	0.073	10.27	0.0e+00
First.Letters	0.61	0.072	8.43	0.0e+00
4.Letter.Words	0.60	0.074	8.09	6.7e-16
Suffixes	0.57	0.071	8.00	1.3e-15
Letter.Series	0.57	0.074	7.63	2.3e-14
Pedigrees	0.66	0.069	9.55	0.0e+00
Letter.Group	0.53	0.079	6.71	2.0e-11
F1*Sentences	0.49	0.085	5.71	1.1e-08
F1*Vocabulary	0.45	0.090	5.00	5.7e-07
F1*Sent.Completion	0.40	0.093	4.33	1.5e-05
F2*First.Letters	0.61	0.086	7.16	8.2e-13
F2*4.Letter.Words	0.51	0.085	5.96	2.5e-09
F2*Suffixes	0.39	0.078	5.04	4.7e-07
F3*Letter.Series	0.73	0.159	4.56	5.1e-06
F3*Pedigrees	0.25	0.089	2.77	5.6e-03
F3*Letter.Group	0.41	0.122	3.35	8.1e-04
e1	0.17	0.034	5.05	4.4e-07
e2	0.17	0.030	5.65	1.6e-08
e3	0.27	0.033	8.09	6.7e-16
e4	0.25	0.079	3.18	1.5e-03
e5	0.39	0.063	6.13	8.8e-10
e6	0.52	0.060	8.68	0.0e+00
e7	0.15	0.223	0.67	5.0e-01
e8	0.50	0.060	8.39	0.0e+00
e9	0.55	0.085	6.51	7.4e-11

Bechtoldt 17 variables

Omega



Omega



Call: omega(m = Bechtoldt.1, nfactors = 6, n.obs = 213)

Alpha: 0.89

G.6: 0.93

Omega Hierarchical: 0.72

Omega Total 0.95

Schmid Leiman Factor loadings greater than 0.2

	g	F1*	F2*	F3*	F4*	F5*	F6*	h2	u2
First_Names	0.40						0.37	0.33	0.67
Word_Number	0.29						0.95	1.00	
Sentences	0.68	0.58						0.83	
Vocabulary	0.67	0.63						0.87	
Completion	0.65	0.57	0.20					0.77	0.23
First_Letters	0.53				0.56			0.60	0.40
Four_letter_words	0.45				0.69			0.68	0.32
Suffixes	0.45				0.42			0.43	0.57
Flags	0.33		0.71					0.63	0.37
Figures	0.20		0.85					0.76	0.24
Cards	0.24		0.79					0.69	0.31
Addition	0.52			0.50				0.54	0.46
Multiplication	0.53			0.77				0.86	
Three_Higher	0.57			0.33				0.52	0.48
Letter_Series	0.74					0.42		0.73	0.27
Pedigrees	0.69					0.39		0.64	0.36
Letter_Grouping	0.64					0.31		0.53	0.47

With eigenvalues of:

g	F1*	F2*	F3*	F4*	F5*	F6*	
4.78	1.12	1.96	1.00	0.99	0.46	1.07	general/max 2.44 max/min = 4.24

The degrees of freedom for the model is 49 and the fit was 0.27

The number of obs was 213 with Chi Square = 54.37 with prob < 0.28

Omega

SEM Bechtoldt

```
> sem.b.h <- sem(om.b.h$model,Bechtoldt.1,213)
> summary(sem.b.h,digits=2)
```

```
Model Chisquare = 220    Df = 113 Pr(>Chisq) = 6.5e-09
Chisquare (null model) = 1983    Df = 136
Goodness-of-fit index = 0.9
Adjusted goodness-of-fit index = 0.86
RMSEA index = 0.067    90% CI: (0.054, 0.08)
Bentler-Bonnett NFI = 0.89
Tucker-Lewis NNFI = 0.93
Bentler CFI = 0.94
SRMR = 0.064
BIC = -386
```

Normalized Residuals

Min.	1st Qu.	Median	Mean	3rd Qu.	Max.
-2.2e+00	-3.5e-01	1.3e-05	1.2e-01	5.3e-01	3.8e+00

Parameters are non-sensical

Parameter Estimates

	Estimate	Std Error	z value	Pr(> z)
gF1	1.16	0.154	7.5	6.3e-14
gF2	0.30	0.087	3.4	6.6e-04
gF3	1.10	0.172	6.4	1.4e-10
gF4	0.97	0.151	6.4	1.3e-10
gF5	2.02	0.449	4.5	6.8e-06
gF6	0.65	0.134	4.8	1.2e-06
F6First_Names	0.71	0.109	6.5	7.2e-11
F6Word_Number	0.47	0.068	6.9	4.9e-12
F1Sentences	0.59	0.049	12.1	0.0e+00
F1Vocabulary	0.60	0.049	12.3	0.0e+00
F1Completion	0.55	0.048	11.5	0.0e+00
F4First_Letters	0.59	0.060	9.9	0.0e+00
F4Four_letter_words	0.53	0.058	9.2	0.0e+00
F4Suffixes	0.47	0.054	8.6	0.0e+00
F2Flags	0.73	0.059	12.3	0.0e+00
F2Figures	0.85	0.059	14.4	0.0e+00
F2Cards	0.78	0.058	13.4	0.0e+00
F3Addition	0.52	0.059	8.9	0.0e+00
F3Multiplication	0.53	0.060	8.8	0.0e+00
F3Three_Higher	0.48	0.052	9.2	0.0e+00
F5Letter_Series	0.38	0.071	5.3	1.1e-07
F5Pedigrees	0.34	0.064	5.3	9.9e-08
F5Letter_Grouping	0.32	0.060	5.3	9.7e-08

Bifactor solution

```
> sem.b <- sem(om.b$model, Bechtoldt.1, 213)
> summary(sem.b, digits=2)
```

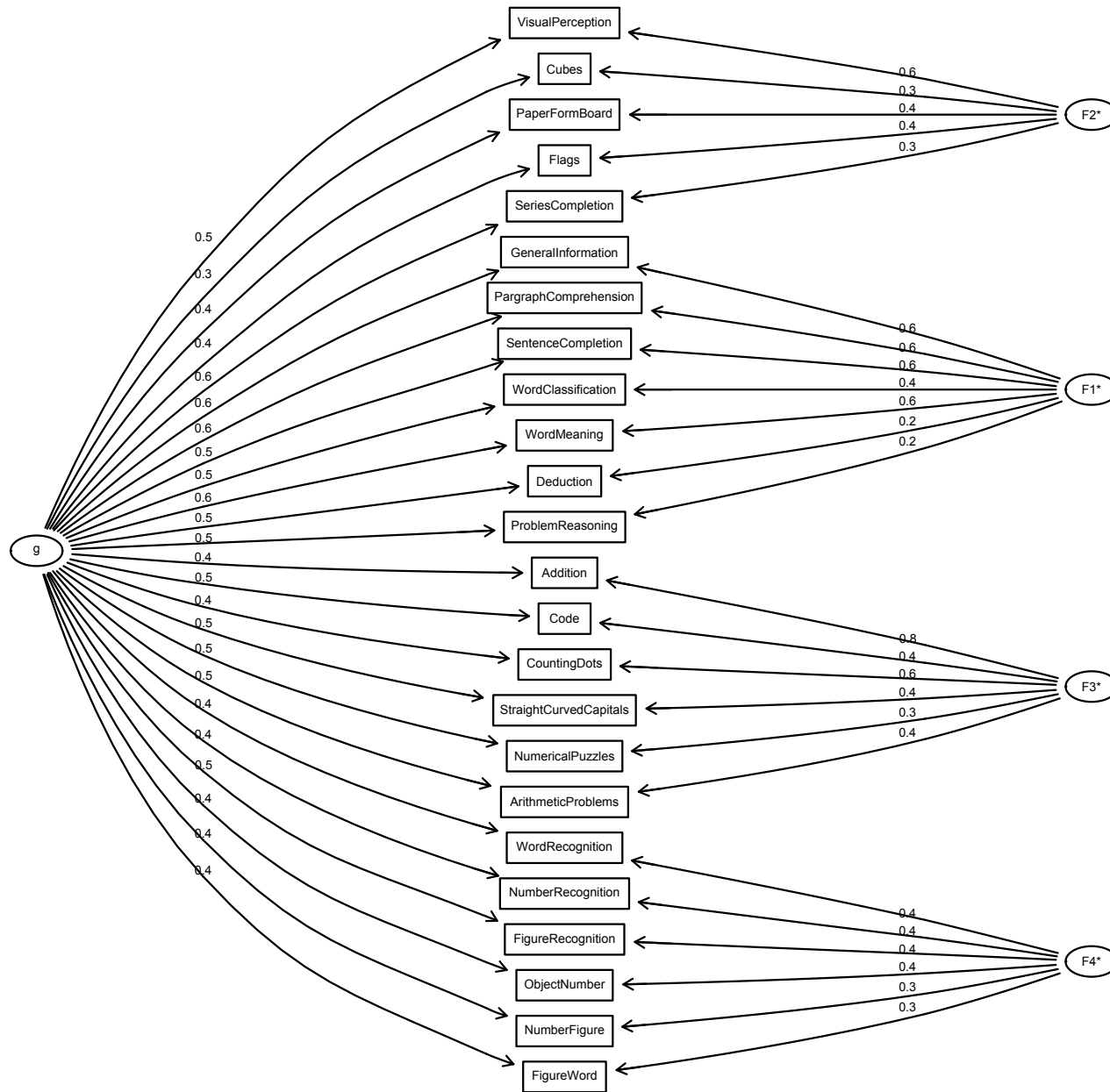
```
Model Chisquare = 189    Df = 102 Pr(>Chisq) = 3.4e-07
Chisquare (null model) = 1983    Df = 136
Goodness-of-fit index = 0.9
Adjusted goodness-of-fit index = 0.86
RMSEA index = 0.064    90% CI: (0.049, 0.078)
Bentler-Bonnett NFI = 0.9
Tucker-Lewis NNFI = 0.94
Bentler CFI = 0.95
SRMR = 0.054
BIC = -358
```

Clear g
solution

Parameter Estimates

	Estimate	Std Error	z value	Pr(> z)
First_Names	0.45	0.071	6.266	3.7e-10
Word_Number	0.29	0.074	3.868	1.1e-04
Sentences	0.67	0.067	10.012	0.0e+00
Vocabulary	0.68	0.067	10.147	0.0e+00
Completion	0.68	0.067	10.215	0.0e+00
First_Letters	0.56	0.069	8.150	4.4e-16
Four_letter_words	0.47	0.072	6.491	8.6e-11
Suffixes	0.50	0.072	6.923	4.4e-12
Flags	0.37	0.073	5.116	3.1e-07
Figures	0.22	0.075	2.908	3.6e-03
Cards	0.26	0.075	3.479	5.0e-04
Addition	0.55	0.070	7.873	3.6e-15
Multiplication	0.53	0.071	7.526	5.2e-14
Three_Higher	0.64	0.067	9.496	0.0e+00
Letter_Series	0.76	0.065	11.547	0.0e+00
Pedigrees	0.70	0.068	10.333	0.0e+00
Letter_Grouping	0.67	0.069	9.789	0.0e+00
F6*First_Names	0.53	3.155	0.167	8.7e-01
F6*Word_Number	0.65	3.925	0.167	8.7e-01
F1*Sentences	0.61	0.058	10.625	0.0e+00
F1*Vocabulary	0.62	0.058	10.686	0.0e+00
F1*Completion	0.50	0.060	8.301	0.0e+00
F4*First_Letters	0.59	0.082	7.215	5.4e-13
F4*Four_letter_words	0.62	0.086	7.191	6.4e-13
F4*Suffixes	0.40	0.076	5.304	1.1e-07
F2*Flags	0.67	0.061	11.013	0.0e+00
F2*Figures	0.88	0.060	14.751	0.0e+00
F2*Cards	0.76	0.062	12.258	0.0e+00

Omega



Holzinger-
Harman 24
tests

```

> om.hh.sl <- omega(hh,4,n.obs=231)
> om.hh.sl
Omega
Call: omega(m = hh, nfactors = 4, n.obs = 231)
Alpha: 0.91
G.6: 0.94
Omega Hierarchical: 0.65
Omega Total 0.93

```

Schmid Leiman Factor loadings greater than 0.2

	g	F1*	F2*	F3*	F4*	h2	u2
VisualPerception	0.50		0.55			0.56	0.44
Cubes	0.31		0.34			0.22	0.78
PaperFormBoard	0.35		0.45			0.36	0.64
Flags	0.40		0.41			0.35	0.65
GeneralInformation	0.55	0.58				0.65	0.35
PargraphComprehension	0.56	0.61				0.69	0.31
SentenceCompletion	0.53	0.65				0.72	0.28
WordClassification	0.54	0.42				0.51	0.49
WordMeaning	0.56	0.65				0.74	0.26
Addition	0.37			0.77		0.76	0.24
Code	0.47			0.41	0.23	0.45	0.55
CountingDots	0.38			0.62		0.56	0.44
StraightCurvedCapitals	0.48		0.35	0.39		0.51	0.49
WordRecognition	0.38				0.44	0.35	0.65
NumberRecognition	0.36				0.42	0.30	0.70
FigureRecognition	0.46		0.25		0.41	0.45	0.55
ObjectNumber	0.42				0.45	0.40	0.60
NumberFigure	0.45			0.22	0.33	0.41	0.59
FigureWord	0.39				0.26	0.24	0.76
Deduction	0.52	0.25	0.23			0.41	0.59
NumericalPuzzles	0.49		0.28	0.31		0.42	0.58

HH

omega