

A (crude) example of factor analysis

William Revelle
Northwestern University

Abstract

The following was done in class to show what happens if we iteratively do an eigen value decomposition of a correlation matrix.

Create the original correlation matrix using a factor model $R = FF' + U^2$ where we do this by creating the correlations, and then making the diagonal 1.

```
> f <- c(.9,.8,.7,.6,.5,.4)
> R <- f %*% t(f)
> R
      [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6]
[1,] 0.81 0.72 0.63 0.54 0.45 0.36
[2,] 0.72 0.64 0.56 0.48 0.40 0.32
[3,] 0.63 0.56 0.49 0.42 0.35 0.28
[4,] 0.54 0.48 0.42 0.36 0.30 0.24
[5,] 0.45 0.40 0.35 0.30 0.25 0.20
[6,] 0.36 0.32 0.28 0.24 0.20 0.16
> diag(R) <- 1
> R
      [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6]
[1,] 1.00 0.72 0.63 0.54 0.45 0.36
[2,] 0.72 1.00 0.56 0.48 0.40 0.32
[3,] 0.63 0.56 1.00 0.42 0.35 0.28
[4,] 0.54 0.48 0.42 1.00 0.30 0.24
[5,] 0.45 0.40 0.35 0.30 1.00 0.20
[6,] 0.36 0.32 0.28 0.24 0.20 1.00
> e <- eigen(R)
> e
$values
[1] 3.1647347 0.8216365 0.7185017 0.5920839 0.4410344 0.2620089

$vectors
      [,1]      [,2]      [,3]      [,4]      [,5]      [,6]
[1,] -0.4964630 -0.06108095  0.09230163  0.1390722  0.23845173  0.81552052
[2,] -0.4680485 -0.07428828  0.12095171  0.2141704  0.65661667 -0.53269894
[3,] -0.4326827 -0.09628978  0.18197078  0.5298520 -0.67508185 -0.18417914
[4,] -0.3899672 -0.14160502  0.41427181 -0.7780083 -0.20056923 -0.10357339
[5,] -0.3397764 -0.29920322 -0.86039187 -0.1967243 -0.10763437 -0.06685542
[6,] -0.2823444  0.93375805 -0.17844447 -0.1002466 -0.06668308 -0.04515620
```

```

> round(e)
Error in round(e) : non-numeric argument to mathematical function
> round(e$vectors,2)
      [,1]   [,2]   [,3]   [,4]   [,5]   [,6]
[1,] -0.50 -0.06  0.09  0.14  0.24  0.82
[2,] -0.47 -0.07  0.12  0.21  0.66 -0.53
[3,] -0.43 -0.10  0.18  0.53 -0.68 -0.18
[4,] -0.39 -0.14  0.41 -0.78 -0.20 -0.10
[5,] -0.34 -0.30 -0.86 -0.20 -0.11 -0.07
[6,] -0.28  0.93 -0.18 -0.10 -0.07 -0.05
> C1 <- e$vectors[,1] %*% sqrt(e$values[1])
Error in e$vectors[, 1] %*% sqrt(e$values[1]) : non-conformable arguments
> C1 <- e$vectors[,1]* sqrt(e$values[1])
> C1
[1] -0.8831928 -0.8326442 -0.7697296 -0.6937401 -0.6044520 -0.5022823
> p1 <- principal(R,1)
> p1
Principal Components Analysis
Call: principal(r = R, nfactors = 1)
Standardized loadings (pattern matrix) based upon correlation matrix
    PC1    h2    u2
1 0.88 0.78 0.22
2 0.83 0.69 0.31
3 0.77 0.59 0.41
4 0.69 0.48 0.52
5 0.60 0.37 0.63
6 0.50 0.25 0.75

          PC1
SS loadings    3.16
Proportion Var 0.53

Test of the hypothesis that 1 component is sufficient.

The degrees of freedom for the null model are 15 and the objective function was 2.06
The degrees of freedom for the model are 9 and the objective function was 0.1

Fit based upon off diagonal values = 0.95
> round(C1,2)
[1] -0.88 -0.83 -0.77 -0.69 -0.60 -0.50
> R1 <- C1 %*% t(C1)
> R1
      [,1]   [,2]   [,3]   [,4]   [,5]   [,6]
[1,] 0.7800296 0.7353854 0.6798197 0.6127063 0.5338477 0.4436121
[2,] 0.7353854 0.6932964 0.6409109 0.5776386 0.5032935 0.4182224
[3,] 0.6798197 0.6409109 0.5924836 0.5339923 0.4652646 0.3866215
[4,] 0.6127063 0.5776386 0.5339923 0.4812753 0.4193326 0.3484533
[5,] 0.5338477 0.5032935 0.4652646 0.4193326 0.3653623 0.3036056
[6,] 0.4436121 0.4182224 0.3866215 0.3484533 0.3036056 0.2522875
> round(R1,2)
      [,1]   [,2]   [,3]   [,4]   [,5]   [,6]
[1,] 0.78 0.74 0.68 0.61 0.53 0.44
[2,] 0.74 0.69 0.64 0.58 0.50 0.42
[3,] 0.68 0.64 0.59 0.53 0.47 0.39
[4,] 0.61 0.58 0.53 0.48 0.42 0.35
[5,] 0.53 0.50 0.47 0.42 0.37 0.30
[6,] 0.44 0.42 0.39 0.35 0.30 0.25

```

```

> newR <- R
> diag(newR) <- diag(R1)
> newR
      [,1]      [,2]      [,3]      [,4]      [,5]      [,6]
[1,] 0.7800296 0.7200000 0.6300000 0.5400000 0.4500000 0.3600000
[2,] 0.7200000 0.6932964 0.5600000 0.4800000 0.4000000 0.3200000
[3,] 0.6300000 0.5600000 0.5924836 0.4200000 0.3500000 0.2800000
[4,] 0.5400000 0.4800000 0.4200000 0.4812753 0.3000000 0.2400000
[5,] 0.4500000 0.4000000 0.3500000 0.3000000 0.3653623 0.2000000
[6,] 0.3600000 0.3200000 0.2800000 0.2400000 0.2000000 0.2522875
> round(newR,2)
      [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6]
[1,] 0.78 0.72 0.63 0.54 0.45 0.36
[2,] 0.72 0.69 0.56 0.48 0.40 0.32
[3,] 0.63 0.56 0.59 0.42 0.35 0.28
[4,] 0.54 0.48 0.42 0.48 0.30 0.24
[5,] 0.45 0.40 0.35 0.30 0.37 0.20
[6,] 0.36 0.32 0.28 0.24 0.20 0.25
> e1 <- eigen(newR)
> e1
$values
[1] 2.765663532 0.118512431 0.110547014 0.094664707 0.073358001 0.001988977

$vectors
      [,1]      [,2]      [,3]      [,4]      [,5]      [,6]
[1,] -0.5298385 -0.02217985 0.04302330 0.03711866 0.1593246 0.8307624
[2,] -0.4854257 -0.04488776 0.09386445 0.09940594 0.7294311 -0.4599839
[3,] -0.4325923 -0.15980480 0.58314005 -0.46019350 -0.4396253 -0.2054886
[4,] -0.3734284 0.79467345 -0.37567619 -0.11590107 -0.2290442 -0.1483862
[5,] -0.3104960 -0.58080509 -0.69749569 -0.12417692 -0.2177392 -0.1301044
[6,] -0.2462528 -0.05581334 0.14715061 0.86493332 -0.3865281 -0.1306809

> C2 <- e1$vectors[,1] * sqrt(e1$values[1])
> round(C2,2)
[1] -0.88 -0.81 -0.72 -0.62 -0.52 -0.41
> round(C1,2)
[1] -0.88 -0.83 -0.77 -0.69 -0.60 -0.50
> R2 <- C1 %*% t(C1)
> round(R2,2)
      [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6]
[1,] 0.78 0.74 0.68 0.61 0.53 0.44
[2,] 0.74 0.69 0.64 0.58 0.50 0.42
[3,] 0.68 0.64 0.59 0.53 0.47 0.39
[4,] 0.61 0.58 0.53 0.48 0.42 0.35
[5,] 0.53 0.50 0.47 0.42 0.37 0.30
[6,] 0.44 0.42 0.39 0.35 0.30 0.25
> R2 <- C2 %*% t(C2)
> round(R2,2)
      [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6]
[1,] 0.78 0.71 0.63 0.55 0.45 0.36
[2,] 0.71 0.65 0.58 0.50 0.42 0.33
[3,] 0.63 0.58 0.52 0.45 0.37 0.29
[4,] 0.55 0.50 0.45 0.39 0.32 0.25
[5,] 0.45 0.42 0.37 0.32 0.27 0.21
[6,] 0.36 0.33 0.29 0.25 0.21 0.17
> newR <- R
> diag(newR) <- diag(R2)
> newR

```

```

[,1]      [,2]      [,3]      [,4]      [,5]      [,6]
[1,] 0.7764014 0.7200000 0.6300000 0.5400000 0.4500000 0.3600000
[2,] 0.7200000 0.6516958 0.5600000 0.4800000 0.4000000 0.3200000
[3,] 0.6300000 0.5600000 0.5175555 0.4200000 0.3500000 0.2800000
[4,] 0.5400000 0.4800000 0.4200000 0.3856683 0.3000000 0.2400000
[5,] 0.4500000 0.4000000 0.3500000 0.3000000 0.2666315 0.2000000
[6,] 0.3600000 0.3200000 0.2800000 0.2400000 0.2000000 0.1677111
> e2 <- eigen(newR)
> e2
$values
[1] 2.713326569 0.026560749 0.021000548 0.015032428 0.008352109 -0.018608872

$vectors
[,1]      [,2]      [,3]      [,4]      [,5]      [,6]
[1,] -0.5393397 0.01532272 0.07401932 -0.04557508 0.03186623 0.8368432
[2,] -0.4874507 0.05512168 0.38607617 -0.59044290 -0.35538143 -0.3679400
[3,] -0.4290380 -0.72071688 -0.47952904 0.13765266 -0.05414361 -0.2113426
[4,] -0.3674886 0.68859386 -0.57720818 0.13892389 -0.05146676 -0.1888720
[5,] -0.3052143 0.05157614 0.51388843 0.77003221 -0.08970178 -0.1977544
[6,] -0.2433664 0.02173466 0.13515783 -0.13454508 0.92685588 -0.2118220

> C3 <- e2$vectors[,1] * sqrt(e2$values[1])
> round(C3,2)
[1] -0.89 -0.80 -0.71 -0.61 -0.50 -0.40
> R3 <- C3 %*% t(C3)
> round(R3,2)
[,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6]
[1,] 0.79 0.71 0.63 0.54 0.45 0.36
[2,] 0.71 0.64 0.57 0.49 0.40 0.32
[3,] 0.63 0.57 0.50 0.43 0.36 0.28
[4,] 0.54 0.49 0.43 0.37 0.30 0.24
[5,] 0.45 0.40 0.36 0.30 0.25 0.20
[6,] 0.36 0.32 0.28 0.24 0.20 0.16
> round(R3-R,2)
[,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6]
[1,] -0.21 -0.01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
[2,] -0.01 -0.36 0.01 0.01 0.00 0.00
[3,] 0.00 0.01 -0.50 0.01 0.01 0.00
[4,] 0.00 0.01 0.01 -0.63 0.00 0.00
[5,] 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.00 -0.75 0.00
[6,] 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 -0.84
> newR <- R
> diag(newR) <- diag(R3)
> e3 <- eigen(newR)
> C4 <- e3$vectors[,1] * sqrt(e3$values[1])
> round(C4,2)
[1] -0.89 -0.80 -0.70 -0.60 -0.50 -0.40
> p1 <- principal(R,1)
> p1
Principal Components Analysis
Call: principal(r = R, nfactors = 1)
Standardized loadings (pattern matrix) based upon correlation matrix
   PC1    h2    u2
1 0.88 0.78 0.22
2 0.83 0.69 0.31
3 0.77 0.59 0.41
4 0.69 0.48 0.52
5 0.60 0.37 0.63

```

```
6 0.50 0.25 0.75
```

```
PC1
SS loadings 3.16
Proportion Var 0.53
```

Test of the hypothesis that 1 component is sufficient.

The degrees of freedom for the null model are 15 and the objective function was 2.06
The degrees of freedom for the model are 9 and the objective function was 0.1

Fit based upon off diagonal values = 0.95

```
> p2 <- principal(R,2)
> p2
```

```
Principal Components Analysis
Call: principal(r = R, nfactors = 2)
Standardized loadings (pattern matrix) based upon correlation matrix
   RC1    RC2    h2    u2
1 0.84  0.27 0.78 0.217
2 0.80  0.24 0.70 0.302
3 0.75  0.20 0.60 0.400
4 0.69  0.13 0.50 0.502
5 0.66 -0.04 0.44 0.561
6 0.16  0.97 0.97 0.031
```

	RC1	RC2
SS loadings	2.86	1.12
Proportion Var	0.48	0.19
Cumulative Var	0.48	0.66
Proportion Explained	0.72	0.28
Cumulative Proportion	0.72	1.00

Test of the hypothesis that 2 components are sufficient.

The degrees of freedom for the null model are 15 and the objective function was 2.06
The degrees of freedom for the model are 4 and the objective function was 0.2

Fit based upon off diagonal values = 0.95

```
> p2 <- principal(R,2,rotate="none")
> p2
```

```
Principal Components Analysis
Call: principal(r = R, nfactors = 2, rotate = "none")
Standardized loadings (pattern matrix) based upon correlation matrix
   PC1    PC2    h2    u2
1 0.88 -0.06 0.78 0.217
2 0.83 -0.07 0.70 0.302
3 0.77 -0.09 0.60 0.400
4 0.69 -0.13 0.50 0.502
5 0.60 -0.27 0.44 0.561
6 0.50  0.85 0.97 0.031
```

	PC1	PC2
SS loadings	3.16	0.82
Proportion Var	0.53	0.14
Cumulative Var	0.53	0.66
Proportion Explained	0.79	0.21
Cumulative Proportion	0.79	1.00

Test of the hypothesis that 2 components are sufficient.

The degrees of freedom for the null model are 15 and the objective function was 2.06
The degrees of freedom for the model are 4 and the objective function was 0.2

```
Fit based upon off diagonal values = 0.95
> p3 <- principal(R,3,rotate="none")
> p3
Principal Components Analysis
Call: principal(r = R, nfactors = 3, rotate = "none")
Standardized loadings (pattern matrix) based upon correlation matrix
  PC1   PC2   PC3   h2    u2
1 0.88 -0.06 -0.08 0.79 0.2108
2 0.83 -0.07 -0.10 0.71 0.2917
3 0.77 -0.09 -0.15 0.62 0.3761
4 0.69 -0.13 -0.35 0.62 0.3789
5 0.60 -0.27  0.73 0.97 0.0292
6 0.50  0.85  0.15 0.99 0.0084

  PC1   PC2   PC3
SS loadings      3.16 0.82 0.72
Proportion Var   0.53 0.14 0.12
Cumulative Var   0.53 0.66 0.78
Proportion Explained 0.67 0.17 0.15
Cumulative Proportion 0.67 0.85 1.00
```

Test of the hypothesis that 3 components are sufficient.

The degrees of freedom for the null model are 15 and the objective function was 2.06
The degrees of freedom for the model are 0 and the objective function was 0.31

```
Fit based upon off diagonal values = 0.97
> f1 <- fa(R,1)
Loading required package: MASS
> f1
Factor Analysis using method = minres
Call: fa(r = R, nfactors = 1)
Standardized loadings (pattern matrix) based upon correlation matrix
  MR1   h2    u2 com
1 0.9 0.81 0.19   1
2 0.8 0.64 0.36   1
3 0.7 0.49 0.51   1
4 0.6 0.36 0.64   1
5 0.5 0.25 0.75   1
6 0.4 0.16 0.84   1

  MR1
SS loadings   2.71
Proportion Var 0.45
```

Mean item complexity = 1
Test of the hypothesis that 1 factor is sufficient.

The degrees of freedom for the null model are 15 and the objective function was 2.06
The degrees of freedom for the model are 9 and the objective function was 0

The root mean square of the residuals (RMSR) is 0
The df corrected root mean square of the residuals is 0

```

Fit based upon off diagonal values = 1
Measures of factor score adequacy
                                         MR1
Correlation of scores with factors      0.94
Multiple R square of scores with factors 0.89
Minimum correlation of possible factor scores 0.78
> f2 <- fa(R,2,rotate="none")
> f2
Factor Analysis using method = minres
Call: fa(r = R, nfactors = 2, rotate = "none")
Standardized loadings (pattern matrix) based upon correlation matrix
   MR1    MR2    h2    u2 com
1 0.98 -0.05 0.96 0.035 1.0
2 0.75  0.29 0.64 0.360 1.3
3 0.65  0.25 0.49 0.510 1.3
4 0.56  0.21 0.36 0.640 1.3
5 0.47  0.18 0.25 0.750 1.3
6 0.37  0.14 0.16 0.840 1.3

   MR1    MR2
SS loadings      2.62 0.24
Proportion Var   0.44 0.04
Cumulative Var   0.44 0.48
Proportion Explained 0.91 0.09
Cumulative Proportion 0.91 1.00

Mean item complexity = 1.2
Test of the hypothesis that 2 factors are sufficient.

The degrees of freedom for the null model are 15 and the objective function was 2.06
The degrees of freedom for the model are 4 and the objective function was 0

The root mean square of the residuals (RMSR) is 0
The df corrected root mean square of the residuals is 0

Fit based upon off diagonal values = 1
Measures of factor score adequacy
                                         MR1    MR2
Correlation of scores with factors      0.98  0.59
Multiple R square of scores with factors 0.97  0.35
Minimum correlation of possible factor scores 0.94 -0.29
> f2 <- fa(R,2))
Error: unexpected ')' in "f2 <- fa(R,2))"
> f2 <- fa(R,2)
> f2
Factor Analysis using method = minres
Call: fa(r = R, nfactors = 2)
Standardized loadings (pattern matrix) based upon correlation matrix
   MR1    MR2    h2    u2 com
1 0.97 -0.19 0.96 0.035 1.1
2 0.77  0.18 0.64 0.360 1.1
3 0.68  0.15 0.49 0.510 1.1
4 0.58  0.13 0.36 0.640 1.1
5 0.48  0.11 0.25 0.750 1.1
6 0.39  0.09 0.16 0.840 1.1

   MR1    MR2

```

SS loadings 2.73 0.14
Proportion Var 0.45 0.02
Cumulative Var 0.45 0.48
Proportion Explained 0.95 0.05
Cumulative Proportion 0.95 1.00

With factor correlations of
MR1 MR2
MR1 1.00 0.04
MR2 0.04 1.00

Mean item complexity = 1.1
Test of the hypothesis that 2 factors are sufficient.

The degrees of freedom for the null model are 15 and the objective function was 2.06
The degrees of freedom for the model are 4 and the objective function was 0

The root mean square of the residuals (RMSR) is 0
The df corrected root mean square of the residuals is 0

Fit based upon off diagonal values = 1
Measures of factor score adequacy
Correlation of scores with factors MR1 MR2
Multiple R square of scores with factors 0.98 0.60
Minimum correlation of possible factor scores 0.96 0.36
Minimum correlation of possible factor scores 0.91 -0.28